

# Environmental Emissions Data for Darlington Nuclear

Q4 2020

## OVERVIEW

This report summarizes Darlington Nuclear’s environmental emissions data for Q4 2020. Darlington Nuclear Generating Station has four reactor units and a total generation capacity of 3,512 megawatts. The station is located in the Municipality of Clarington in Durham Region. Darlington Unit 3 was shut down in July 2020 for refurbishment.

This report includes:

- Radioactive Effluents: Releases to air and water remained well below the regulatory limits.
- Darlington Waste Management Facility: Monitoring results for air emissions, storm water, and perimeter dose rate confirmed the integrity of the facility.
- Groundwater Monitoring: OPG continued to analyze groundwater results to examine trends.
- Spills to the Environment: There was one spill to the environment that was reportable to a regulatory authority.

Note: The contents of this report are consistent with environmental data OPG is required to provide to the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission (CNSC) on a quarterly basis. These reporting requirements are periodically revised.

## ENVIRONMENTAL EMISSIONS MANAGEMENT

OPG has an environmental management program to ensure its activities are conducted in a manner that minimizes any adverse impact on the public and the environment. OPG’s environmental program conforms to CNSC requirements for environmental protection and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) standard for environmental management systems. The quality assurance programs for OPG’s chemistry and health physics laboratories conform to the requirements of national and international standards.

As part of OPG’s environmental management program, OPG has established an effluent monitoring and control program that is based on the “ALARA” principle. That is, measures are in place to ensure emissions to the environment are kept As Low As Reasonably Achievable while taking social and economic factors into account.

## MONITORING OF RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

### Release Limits & Action Levels

OPG uses radiation dose limits specified in federal legislation to derive Release Limits for the radionuclides that may be released to air and water from its nuclear facilities. Darlington Nuclear must maintain its radiological emissions well below these limits to meet the terms of its operating licence.

OPG also sets Action Levels that are much lower than the Release Limits to identify and control emissions before a limit can be reached.

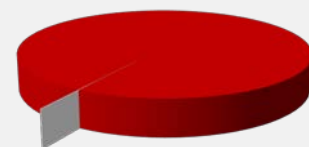
### Public Radiation Dose Data

The radiation dose to the public resulting from the operation of Darlington Nuclear is a very small fraction of the estimated annual average background radiation dose around the station.

Annual environmental monitoring program results for Darlington Nuclear, including an assessment of radiation dose to the public, are available at:

[www.opg.com/news-and-media/Pages/reports.aspx](http://www.opg.com/news-and-media/Pages/reports.aspx)

Natural Background Radiation > 99.9%



Darlington Nuclear Contribution < 0.1%

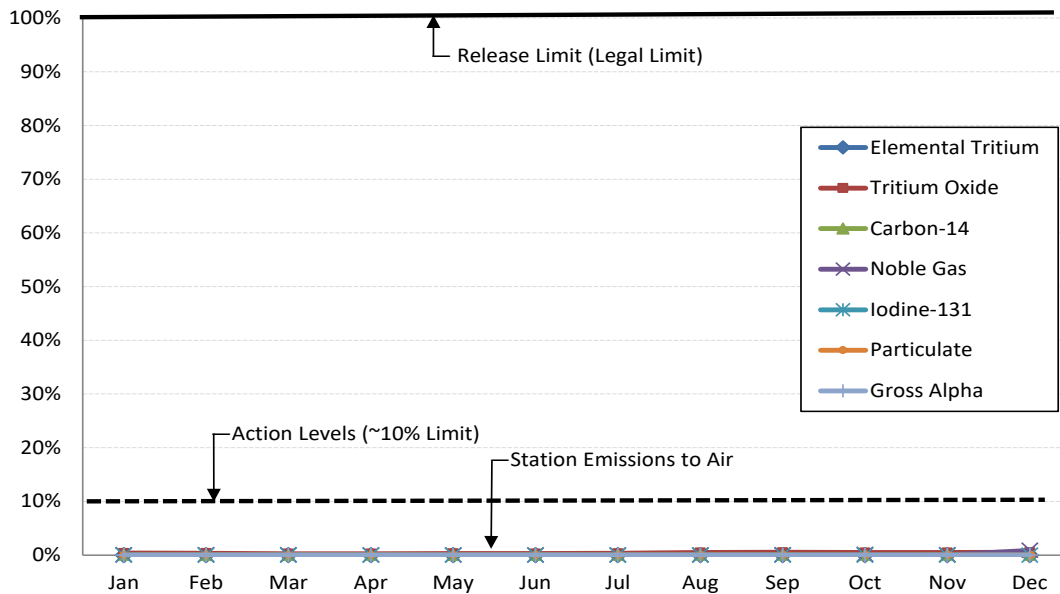
# Environmental Emissions Data for Darlington Nuclear

Q4 2020

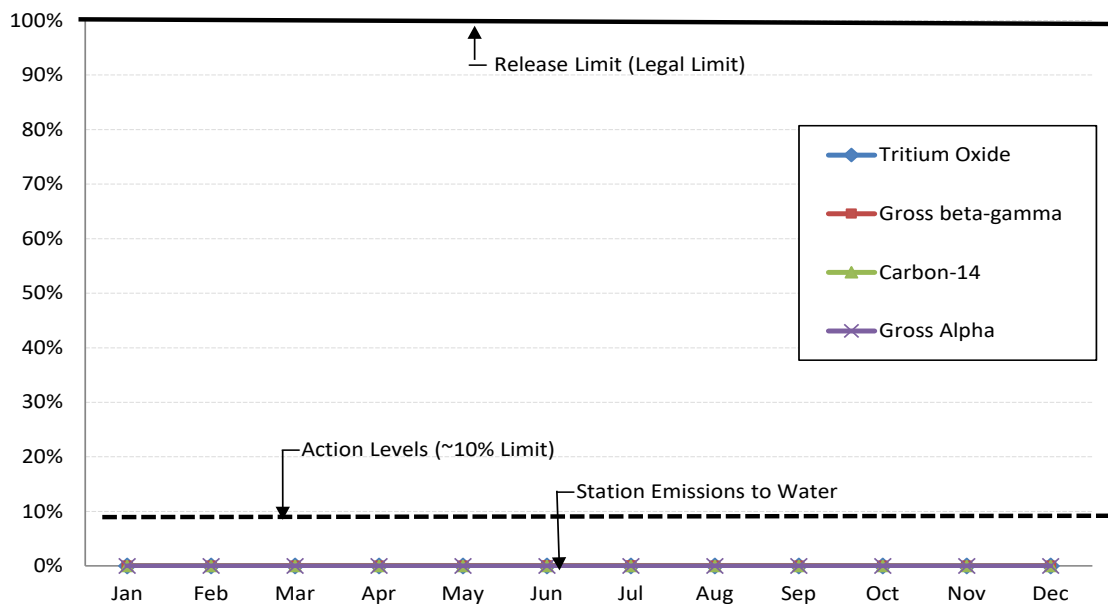
## Performance Results

Darlington Nuclear’s emissions are monitored to track performance. For Q4 2020, Darlington Nuclear’s radiological emissions to air and water remained well below the Release Limits and no Action Levels were exceeded. (Appendix A, Tables A.1 and A.2) The following graphs show Darlington Nuclear’s radiological emissions for the year to date as a percentage of the Release Limits.

### Air Emissions as a Per Cent of Release Limits



### Water Emissions as a Per Cent of Release Limits



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## DARLINGTON WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY

Radiological air emissions, storm water, and radiation dose monitoring requirements for the Darlington Waste Management Facility were met in Q4 2020 and no issues were identified. (Appendix A, Tables A.3, A.4 and A.5)

## GROUNDWATER MONITORING

Groundwater monitoring is conducted at monitoring wells around the Darlington site perimeter, including along the Lake Ontario shoreline, to confirm that there are no adverse off-site impacts from tritium in groundwater. Darlington 2019 groundwater monitoring report is available at: [www.opg.com/reporting/regulatory-reporting/](http://www.opg.com/reporting/regulatory-reporting/)

## RELEASES OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (NON-RADIOACTIVE)

Darlington Nuclear complies with numerous regulatory requirements for controlling and monitoring releases of hazardous substances to the environment. Darlington Nuclear reports releases of hazardous substances to Environment Canada's National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI). Tools and resources for accessing, analyzing and interpreting NPRI data are available on the [NPRI website](#). Darlington Nuclear's carbon dioxide emissions are well below the threshold for mandatory reporting to federal and provincial authorities. Greenhouse gas data and information for reporting facilities are available on the [Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reporting Program \(GHGRP\) website](#).

## SPILLS TO THE ENVIRONMENT

OPG has extensive programs to ensure the risk of spills to the environment is effectively assessed and managed. All spills are reported by OPG to the appropriate federal, provincial and municipal authorities as required.

OPG classifies its reportable spills as Category A, B or C spills based on the actual or potential impacts. Category A spills are considered very serious due to the scale of injury or damage, health effects, or safety impairment. Category B spills are considered serious due to localized injury or impacts to property. Category C spills are all other reportable spills that are less serious than Category A and B spills.

There was one Category C reportable spill at the Darlington site on October 11, 2020 where a refrigerant leak was discovered. After removing the refrigerant unit from service, and weighing the remaining charged refrigerant, it was found that 158.18 kg of R134a had been released to the environment (via air). The spill was reported to the Spills Action Centre. There was no observed or presumed adverse environmental impact as a result of the spill.

## APPENDIX A

### ENVIRONMENTAL EMISSIONS DATA

# Environmental Emissions Data for Darlington Nuclear

Table A.1: Airborne Radionuclide Releases

	Elemental Tritium (Bq)	Tritium Oxide (Bq)	Carbon-14 (Bq)	Noble Gas (Bq-MeV)	Iodine-131 (Bq)	Particulate (Bq)	Gross Alpha (Bq)	
<b>SUMMARY: ANNUAL</b>								
Release Limit (Bq/year) <sup>(a)</sup>	8.23 x 10 <sup>17</sup>	4.94 x 10 <sup>16</sup>	1.21 x 10 <sup>15</sup>	3.80 x 10 <sup>16</sup>	1.77 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	6.06 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	1.08 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	
Total Releases as of Q4 2020	1.5 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	1.9 x 10 <sup>14</sup>	8.3 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.4 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	<1.5 x 10 <sup>8</sup>	3.1 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	
<b>DETAILS: WEEKLY<sup>(b)</sup></b>								
Action Level (Bq/week) <sup>(c)</sup>	1.65 x 10 <sup>15</sup>	9.88 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	2.42 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	7.60 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	3.53 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	1.21 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	Not specified <sup>(d)</sup>	
Jan.	Week 1	2.9 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.1 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.4 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	5.7 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	4.2 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 2	2.3 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.8 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.6 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	7.3 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<3.0 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.4 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 3	2.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.0 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.4 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	5.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<3.0 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.5 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 4	9.5 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	7.4 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.6 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.2 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Feb.	Week 5	3.5 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.8 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.6 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.6 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<3.0 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.0 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 6	2.9 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	3.9 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.1 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.2 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 7	1.9 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	3.4 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.0 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	3.6 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.9 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.6 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 8	2.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	3.1 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.0 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.3 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.9 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	6.2 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 9	2.1 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.6 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.0 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	5.6 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	4.5 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Mar.	Week 10	4.1 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.6 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.1 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<3.0 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	5.7 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 11	3.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.5 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.2 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	3.3 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.9 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	5.1 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 12	2.9 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.5 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.3 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.5 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.9 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	4.9 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 13	1.8 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.6 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.4 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.6 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<3.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	4.0 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Apr.	Week 14	2.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.7 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.6 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	3.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	5.7 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 15	1.6 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	3.3 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.8 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	4.3 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 16	2.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.0 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.6 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.9 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<3.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	4.5 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 17	3.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	1.8 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.4 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	2.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.7 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	7.3 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	2 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
May	Week 18	3.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.7 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.2 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	2.8 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	6.4 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 19	1.8 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	3.3 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.5 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	2.1 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<3.9 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	5.5 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 20	4.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.7 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.3 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.5 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	6.3 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 21	2.5 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.5 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.3 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.8 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 22	3.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.9 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.4 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	4.1 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.9 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	5.1 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Jun.	Week 23	2.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.4 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.4 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	3.1 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<3.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	8.6 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 24	2.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	3.4 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.5 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	5.7 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	7.5 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 25	2.9 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.7 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.3 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	2.8 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.9 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.9 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 26	1.7 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.4 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.3 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	2.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	<2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	8.4 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Jul.	Week 27	2.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	3.8 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.5 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	2.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	< 2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 28	2.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.6 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.6 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	2.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	< 2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	8.2 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 29	3.5 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	3.3 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.8 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	2.5 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	< 2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 30	2.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	2.9 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.7 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	3.1 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	< 2.7 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	4.0 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Aug.	Week 31	3.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	4.3 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.8 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	2.4 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	< 2.7 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	6.4 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	2 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	Week 32	5.8 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	4.6 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.4 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	3.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	< 2.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	8.4 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	2 x 10 <sup>4</sup>

# Environmental Emissions Data for Darlington Nuclear

Q4 2020

		Elemental Tritium (Bq)	Tritium Oxide (Bq)	Carbon-14 (Bq)	Noble Gas (Bq-MeV)	Iodine-131 (Bq)	Particulate (Bq)	Gross Alpha (Bq)
	Week 33	$4.3 \times 10^{11}$	$4.7 \times 10^{12}$	$1.3 \times 10^{10}$	$2.4 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.7 \times 10^6$	$9.4 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 34	$3.1 \times 10^{11}$	$4.6 \times 10^{12}$	$1.5 \times 10^{10}$	$2.4 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.9 \times 10^6$	$1.6 \times 10^6$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 35	$2.8 \times 10^{11}$	$4.3 \times 10^{12}$	$1.6 \times 10^{10}$	$2.0 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.8 \times 10^6$	$5.1 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
Sep.	Week 36	$3.6 \times 10^{11}$	$6.5 \times 10^{12}$	$2.2 \times 10^{10}$	$2.7 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.9 \times 10^6$	$6.1 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 37	$4.1 \times 10^{11}$	$3.6 \times 10^{12}$	$1.5 \times 10^{10}$	$3.2 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.6 \times 10^6$	$5.3 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 38	$3.8 \times 10^{11}$	$4.6 \times 10^{12}$	$2.4 \times 10^{10}$	$8.9 \times 10^{11}$	$< 3.0 \times 10^6$	$8.8 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 39	$2.1 \times 10^{11}$	$5.5 \times 10^{12}$	$3.5 \times 10^{10}$	$2.6 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.8 \times 10^6$	$7.9 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
Oct.	Week 40	$7.6 \times 10^{10}$	$6.1 \times 10^{12}$	$3.4 \times 10^{10}$	$4.3 \times 10^{11}$	$< 3.1 \times 10^6$	$4.3 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 41	$7.7 \times 10^{10}$	$2.7 \times 10^{12}$	$2.1 \times 10^{10}$	$5.6 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.7 \times 10^6$	$4.6 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 42	$1.5 \times 10^{11}$	$4.0 \times 10^{12}$	$1.8 \times 10^{10}$	$1.7 \times 10^{12}$	$< 2.8 \times 10^6$	$4.5 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 43	$3.4 \times 10^{11}$	$5.4 \times 10^{12}$	$1.6 \times 10^{10}$	$1.1 \times 10^{12}$	$< 2.9 \times 10^6$	$2.7 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
Nov.	Week 44	$4.5 \times 10^{11}$	$4.4 \times 10^{12}$	$1.5 \times 10^{10}$	$4.8 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.6 \times 10^6$	$3.7 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 45	$2.2 \times 10^{11}$	$4.4 \times 10^{12}$	$1.6 \times 10^{10}$	$4.3 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.8 \times 10^6$	$5.5 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 46	$3.0 \times 10^{11}$	$4.3 \times 10^{12}$	$1.2 \times 10^{10}$	$5.2 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.8 \times 10^6$	$3.0 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 47	$3.0 \times 10^{11}$	$4.8 \times 10^{12}$	$1.7 \times 10^{10}$	$5.1 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.8 \times 10^6$	$2.6 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 48	$3.6 \times 10^{11}$	$4.8 \times 10^{12}$	$1.2 \times 10^{10}$	$4.9 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.7 \times 10^6$	$3.5 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
Dec.	Week 49	$3.1 \times 10^{11}$	$4.6 \times 10^{12}$	$1.3 \times 10^{10}$	$6.4 \times 10^{11}$	$< 3.0 \times 10^6$	$2.5 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 50	$2.1 \times 10^{11}$	$4.1 \times 10^{12}$	$1.4 \times 10^{10}$	$8.0 \times 10^{11}$	$< 3.0 \times 10^6$	$3.6 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 51	$2.0 \times 10^{11}$	$5.3 \times 10^{12}$	$2.0 \times 10^{10}$	$7.0 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.8 \times 10^6$	$2.9 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$
	Week 52	$3.8 \times 10^{11}$	$5.6 \times 10^{12}$	$2.8 \times 10^{10}$	$4.3 \times 10^{11}$	$< 2.8 \times 10^6$	$2.8 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^4$

- (a) The derived Release Limit for a given radionuclide is the release rate of that radionuclide to air during normal operation of a nuclear facility over the period of a calendar year, which would result in an individual receiving a dose equal to the regulatory annual dose limit for a member of the public.
- (b) Analysis of air emissions is conducted weekly to monitor against internal performance targets. Emissions are reported using the fiscal calendar and months contain either four or five weeks. Values prefixed by an "<" indicate that reported results were less than the instrument detection limits.
- (c) Exceedances of Action Levels must be reported by OPG to the CNSC. To prevent an Action Level from being reached, OPG has set Internal Investigation Levels that require emissions to be reviewed when they reach the high end of the normal range. Corrective actions are taken if necessary. There were no CNSC Action Level exceedance events in the fourth quarter of 2020.
- (d) Action Level for gross alpha is not specified because it is not a routinely monitored radionuclide group at Darlington Nuclear as the activity is below the threshold value for monitoring.

While station emissions typically remain at consistently low levels, small fluctuations do occur because of changing operating conditions (e.g. unit outages), work activities, and equipment issues.

# Environmental Emissions Data for Darlington Nuclear

Q4 2020

Table A.2: Waterborne Radionuclide Releases

	Tritium Oxide (Bq)	Gross Beta-Gamma (Bq)	Carbon-14 (Bq)	Gross Alpha (Bq)
<b>SUMMARY: ANNUAL</b>				
<b>Release Limit (Bq/year)<sup>(a)</sup></b>	6.43 x 10 <sup>18</sup>	3.47 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	6.97 x 10 <sup>14</sup>	4.39 x 10 <sup>11</sup>
Total Releases as of Q4 2020	1.1 x 10 <sup>14</sup>	2.1 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	3.8 x 10 <sup>8</sup>	6 x 10 <sup>5</sup>
<b>DETAILS: MONTHLY<sup>(b)</sup></b>				
<b>Action Level (Bq/month)<sup>(c)</sup></b>	5.14 x 10 <sup>16</sup>	2.77 x 10 <sup>11</sup>	5.58 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	Not specified <sup>(d)</sup>
January	8.2 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.6 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	1.1 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	4 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
February	9.4 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.6 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	8.2 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
March	9.7 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	2.1 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	3.7 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	4 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
April	7.7 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	2.0 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	1.1 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
May	9.3 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	1.9 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	1.2 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	4 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
June	1.6 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	3.0 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	1.5 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	4 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
July	6.5 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	2.6 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	2.7 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	4 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
August	9.1 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	2.3 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	3.1 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	8 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
September	1.2 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	2.4 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	3.8 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	1 x 10 <sup>5</sup>
October	1.4 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	1.7 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	2.6 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	7 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
November	1.1 x 10 <sup>13</sup>	1.8 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	2.8 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	7 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
December	8.6 x 10 <sup>12</sup>	2.0 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	1.7 x 10 <sup>8</sup>	7 x 10 <sup>4</sup>

- (a) The derived Release Limit for a given radionuclide is the release rate of that radionuclide to air or surface water during normal operation of a nuclear facility over the period of a calendar year, which would result in an individual receiving a dose equal to the regulatory annual dose limit for a member of the public.
- (b) Analysis of water emissions is conducted monthly to monitor against internal performance targets. Monthly emissions are reported using the fiscal calendar and months contain either four or five weeks. Months with five weeks typically report higher releases relative to months with four weeks. For 2020, Feb, May, August and November have five weeks.
- (c) Exceedances of Action Levels must be reported by OPG to the CNSC. To prevent an Action Level from being reached, OPG has set Internal Investigation Levels that require emissions to be reviewed when they reach the high end of the normal range. Corrective actions are taken if necessary. There were no CNSC Action Level exceedance events in the fourth quarter of 2020.
- (d) Action Level for gross alpha is not specified because it is not a routinely monitored radionuclide group at Darlington Nuclear as the activity is below the threshold value for monitoring.

A becquerel (Bq) is the standard international unit for measuring radioactive decay or radioactivity. One becquerel is the decay of one atom of a radioisotope per second, and is an extremely small amount of radioactivity. Becquerel is a measure of the rate (not energy) of radiation emission from a source.

Another unit of measuring radioactivity is the curie (Ci). 1 Ci = 3.7 x 10<sup>10</sup> Bq.

# Environmental Emissions Data for Darlington Nuclear

**Table A.3:** Darlington Waste Management Facility Emissions

		Air - Particulate (Bq) <sup>(a)</sup>	Storm Water - Tritium (Bq/L) <sup>(b)</sup>	Storm Water - Gross Gamma (Bq/L) <sup>(b)</sup>
Oct.	Week 40	74	592	<8.14
	Week 41	37	370	<6.66
	Week 42	111	333	<7.03
	Week 43	37	370	<7.03
Nov.	Week 44	37	518	<8.14
	Week 45	37	481	<6.66
	Week 46	111	370	<8.14
	Week 47	74	407	<8.14
	Week 48	74	407	<8.14
Dec.	Week 49	37	407	<8.14
	Week 50	74	518	7.77
	Week 51	74	703	8.14
	Week 52	111	370	<8.14

- (a) All weekly results were below the Action Level of  $1.21 \times 10^9$  Bq for air Particulate.
- (b) Storm water at the Darlington Waste Management Facility is sampled to assess the integrity of waste storage structures. Results were less than the internal administrative limits set to detect potential leaks.

**Table A.4:** Darlington Waste Management Facility Perimeter Fence Dose Rates

Location	Average Air Kerma Rate ( $\mu$ Gy/hour) <sup>(a)</sup>
	Q4
DW1, Pole 1	0.061
DW2, Pole 20	0.070
DW3, Pole 19	0.105
DW4, Pole 18	0.110
DW5, Pole 17	0.107
DW6, Pole 13	0.091
DW7, Pole 9	0.105
DW8, Pole 8	0.110
DW9, Pole 7	0.093
DW10, Pole 6	0.077
DW11, Pole 5	0.063
DW12, Pole 3	0.063

- (a) Average ambient dose rates are measured at perimeter fences by Thermoluminescent Dosimeters to demonstrate that potential doses due to radiation fields from waste management facility operations are well within allowable limits and pose a negligible risk for the public, the workers and the environment. Dose rate monitoring results are compared to an internal target dose rate standard of  $0.5 \mu$ Gy/hour. This target is derived from the 1 mSv/year dose limit specified in federal legislation for a member of the public and assumes exposure for a working year (2,000 hours).

# Environmental Emissions Data for Darlington Nuclear

**Table A.5:** Retube Waste Storage Building Perimeter Dose Rates

	Average Air Kerma Rate ( $\mu\text{Gy}/\text{hour}$ ) <sup>(a)</sup>
Location	Q4
DRW1	0.056
DRW2	0.070
DRW3	0.072
DRW4	0.069
DRW5	0.064
DRW6	0.056
DRW7	0.059
DRW8	0.064
DRW9	0.053
DRW10	0.053

- (a) Average ambient dose rates are measured at the exterior walls of the Retube Waste Storage Building by Thermoluminescent Dosimeters to demonstrate that potential doses due to radiation fields from waste management facility operations are well within allowable limits and pose a negligible risk for the public, the workers and the environment. Dose rate monitoring results are compared to an internal target dose rate standard of  $0.5 \mu\text{Gy}/\text{hour}$ . This target is derived from the  $1 \text{ mSv}/\text{year}$  dose limit specified in federal legislation for a member of the public and assumes exposure for a working year (2,000 hours).